DIVISION: 04 00 00—MASONRY
SECTION: 04 05 19.16—MASONRY ANCHORS

REPORT HOLDER:

SIMPSON STRONG-TIE COMPANY INC.

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

SET ADHESIVE ANCHOR SYSTEMS

“2014 Recipient of Prestigious Western States Seismic Policy Council (WSSPC) Award in Excellence”

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1.0 EVALUATION SCOPE:
Compliance with the following codes:

Property evaluated:
Structural

2.0 USES
The SET adhesive anchor system is used for anchoring threaded steel rods or deformed steel reinforcing bars in unreinforced brick masonry. Anchors installed in unreinforced masonry with the SET adhesive are designed to resist short-term earthquake and wind loads as noted in Section 4.0 of this evaluation report. The anchor system is an alternative to anchors described in Section 2107 of the 2018 and 2015 IBC, and Section 2.1.4 of TMS 402 as referenced in Section 2107 of the 2012, 2009 and 2006 IBC. The anchors are alternatives to bolts described in Section A107.4 and Section A113.1 of the IEBC. The anchor system may also be used where an engineered design is submitted in accordance with Section R301.1.3 of the IRC.

3.0 DESCRIPTION

3.1 General:
The SET adhesive anchor system consists of a two-part epoxy adhesive available in different cartridge systems; threaded rods or deformed reinforcing bars; plastic-mesh or steel-mesh screen tubes; adhesive dispensers; hole cleaning equipment; and steel sleeve and steel plate washers used for anchor installation in unreinforced brick walls, as applicable.

3.2 Materials:

3.2.1 SET Adhesive: The SET adhesive is a two-component, high-solids, high-viscosity, epoxy-based adhesive mixed at a 1-to-1 volume ratio of hardener-to-resin. The SET adhesive is packaged in 22-ounce (650 mL) dual side-by-side cartridges. Resin and hardener are mixed while being dispensed through a Simpson Strong-Tie mixing nozzle. Simpson Strong-Tie SET adhesive has a shelf life of two years from date of manufacture in unopened cartridges, when stored in a dry environment at storage temperatures between 45°F (7°C) and 90°F (32°C). Gel and cure times for the SET adhesive at the corresponding masonry temperature are shown in Table 1.

3.2.2 Screen Tubes:

3.2.2.1 Simpson Strong-Tie Opti-Mesh™ Plastic Screen Tube: The Opti-Mesh screen tubes are plastic and consist of an integral cap, flanges, an open mesh collar, and a black plastic mesh tube. The Opti-Mesh plastic screen tubes are used in unreinforced brick masonry walls, as described in Sections 4.1.1 and 4.1.2 of this report. In unreinforced brick masonry walls, the Opti-Mesh plastic screen tubes may be used in configurations A and B only (Figure 1).

3.2.2.2 Steel Wire Screen Tube: The steel screen tubes, consisting of 60 mesh carbon steel wire screen, are open at one end and closed at the other. The outside diameter of the steel screen tubes used with the threaded rods or rebar specified in Section 3.3 of this report is 3/32 inch (24.6 mm). The steel screen tubes are used in unreinforced brick masonry walls, as described in Sections 4.1.1, 4.1.2, and 4.1.3 of this report. In unreinforced brick masonry walls, the steel screen tubes are permitted for use in configurations A, B, and C (Figure 1).

3.3 Threaded Rods and Reinforcing Bars:
Threaded anchor rods, having diameters of 5/16 inch or 3/4 inch (15.9 or 19.1 mm), must be carbon steel conforming to a minimum of ASTM F1554 Grade 36. The 3/4-inch (19.1 mm) threaded rods may also be used in a prebent 22½-degree configuration as described in Section 4.1.2 of this report. Deformed steel rebars, having sizes No. 4, No. 5 or No. 6, must conform to ASTM A615, A616, A617, A706, or A767.

3.4 Steel Sleeve: The steel sleeve for use in unreinforced brick masonry walls, Simpson Strong-Tie part No. AST800, is an 8-inch-long (203 mm) sleeve, formed from AISI 1010 steel, closed at one end with a plastic cap and open on the
other, having outside and inside diameters of \(1\frac{3}{4}\) inch (20.6 mm) and \(1\frac{1}{16}\) inch (17.5 mm), respectively. The steel sleeves are used in unreinforced brick masonry walls as described in Section 4.1.3. In unreinforced brick masonry walls, the steel sleeve is used in configuration C only (Figure 1).

3.5 Steel Plate Washer: The steel plate is for use in unreinforced brick masonry walls as described in Section 4.1.3. The steel plate must be ASTM A36 steel, measuring 6 inches by 6 inches by \(\frac{7}{8}\) inch thick (152 mm by 152 mm by 9.5 mm). The steel sleeve is used in unreinforced brick masonry for configuration C only (Figure 1).

3.6 Hole Cleaning Equipment:

3.6.1 Installations with a Carbide-Tipped Drill Bit: Hole cleaning equipment consists of hole cleaning brushes and air nozzles. Brushes must be Simpson Strong-Tie 1-inch-diameter hole cleaning brushes, identified by Simpson Strong-Tie catalog number ETB10. Air nozzles and brushes must reach the bottom of the drilled hole.

3.6.2 Installations with a Wet Diamond Core Drill Bit: Hole cleaning equipment consists of hole cleaning brushes, pressurized water and air nozzles. Brushes must be Simpson Strong-Tie 1-inch-diameter hole cleaning brushes, identified by Simpson Strong-Tie catalog number ETB10. Air nozzles and brushes must reach the bottom of the drilled hole.

3.7 Unreinforced Brick Masonry:
The existing unreinforced masonry walls must have a minimum nominal thickness of 13 inches (three wythes of brick). The average in-place mortar shear strength of the building's unreinforced masonry, determined in accordance with 2018 IEBC Section A106.2.3, or 2015, 2012, 2009, or 2006 IEBC Section A106.3.3 must be no less than 50 psi (345 kPa) net for installations when drilling holes with a carbide-tipped drill bit and not less than 325 psi (2240 kPa) net for installations when drilling holes with a wet diamond core drill bit.

4.0 DESIGN AND INSTALLATION

4.1 General:
Three types of anchor assembly are available: Configuration A (shear anchor or rebar dowel), Configuration B (22\(^\frac{1}{2}\)-degree combination anchor), and Configuration C (through-bolt combination anchor):

4.1.1 Configuration A, Threaded Rods or Steel Reinforcing Bars in Shear (Shear Anchor or Rebar Dowel): Configuration A consists of a \(\frac{3}{4}\) -inch-diameter (19.1 mm) straight threaded rod or a No. 4, No. 5 or No. 6, straight deformed steel reinforcing dowel bar, and a \(\frac{3}{16}\)-inch-outer-diameter-by-8-inch-long (24.6 mm by 203 mm) steel wire (ETS758) or plastic mesh (ETS758P) screen tube. This anchor must be embedded a minimum of 8 inches (203 mm) into the wall and is used when the outside wall is inaccessible. This anchor configuration resists shear loads only. Figure 1 shows details of an installed shear-resisting assembly.

4.1.2 Configuration B, Bent Threaded Rods in Tension and Shear (22\(^\frac{1}{2}\)-degree Combination Anchor): Configuration B consists of a \(\frac{3}{4}\) -inch-diameter (19.1 mm) threaded rod prebent at a 22.5-degree angle and installed a minimum of 13 inches (330 mm) into the wall at a downward angle of 22.5 degrees, to within a maximum of 1 inch (25.4 mm) of the exterior wall surface. The prebent threaded rod is used with a \(\frac{3}{16}\)-inch-outer-diameter-by-13-inch-long (26.4 mm by 330 mm) steel wire (ETS7513) or plastic mesh (ETS7513P) screen tube. This anchor configuration resists tension and shear loads, and is used where the outside of the wall is inaccessible.

4.1.3 Configuration C, Through-bolts in Tension and Shear: Configuration C consists of a \(\frac{3}{16}\)-inch-diameter (15.9 mm) threaded rod; an 8-inch-long (203 mm) steel sleeve (AST800), formed from AISI 1010 steel, having outside and inside diameters of \(\frac{3}{16}\) inch (20.6 mm) and \(\frac{1}{16}\) inch (17.5 mm), respectively; and a \(\frac{3}{16}\)-inch-outer-diameter-by-8-inch-long (26.4 mm by 203 mm) steel screen tube (ETS758). A 6-inch-by-6-inch-by-\(\frac{3}{16}\)-inch-thick (152 mm by 152 mm by 9.5 mm) ASTM A36 steel plate must be located on the back face of the wall at the end of the threaded rod of the through-bolted connection. This anchor configuration resists tension and shear loads, and is used when the outside surface of the wall is accessible.

4.2 Design:
The SET adhesive anchors are intended to resist only short-term loads imposed by wind or earthquake. The anchors must be approved by a registered design professional and installed under special inspection in accordance with Section 4.5 of this report. The edge distance and vertical and horizontal spacing for the three types of anchor assemblies described in Section 4.1 must comply with Table 2.

Conditions of acceptance for threaded rods and reinforcing bars in unreinforced brick masonry are as follows:

4.2.1 Configuration A, Threaded Rods or Steel Reinforcing Bars in Shear (Shear Anchor or Rebar Dowel):

a. Installation of Configuration A threaded rods and reinforcing bars intended to resist shear loads only must comply with Sections 4.1.1 and 4.3, and Figure 1.

b. The allowable shear load for the \(\frac{3}{4}\)-inch-diameter (19.1 mm) threaded rod is 1,000 pounds (4450 N) as shown in Table 3. For the No. 6, No. 5 and No. 4 reinforcing bars, the allowable shear loads are 1,000, 750 and 500 pounds (4450 N, 3335 N and 2225 N), respectively, as shown in Table 3. No adjustment for wind or earthquake loading is permitted with the above-noted loads.

c. Allowable shear value is applicable only to anchors installed in walls where in-place shear tests indicate a minimum mortar strength of 50 psi (345 kPa) net for installations when drilling holes with a carbide-tipped drill bit and minimum 325 psi (2240 kPa) net for installations when drilling holes with a wet diamond core drill bit.

4.2.2 Configuration B, Bent Threaded Rods, and Configuration C, Through-bolts:

a. Installation of threaded rods and through-bolts must comply with Sections 4.1.2, 4.1.3 and 4.3, and Figure 1.

b. Maximum allowable tension load for the \(\frac{3}{4}\)-inch-diameter (19.1 mm) prebent threaded rod (Configuration B) or the \(\frac{3}{16}\)-inch-diameter (15.9 mm) through-bolt (Configuration C) is 1,200 pounds (5340 N), as shown in Table 3. No adjustment for wind or earthquake loading is permitted with the above-noted loads.
c. The maximum allowable shear load for the \( \frac{3}{4} \) -inch-diameter (19.1 mm) prebent threaded rod is 1,000 pounds (4450 N), and for the \( \frac{5}{8} \) -inch (15.9 mm) through-bolt it is 750 pounds (3335 N), as shown in Table 3. No adjustment for wind or earthquake loading is permitted with the above-noted loads.

d. For the \( \frac{3}{4} \) -inch-diameter (19.1 mm) prebent threaded rod or the \( \frac{5}{8} \) -inch-diameter (15.9 mm) through-bolt subjected to combined tension and shear, the allowable combined load must be determined using the following equation:

\[
(P_t/P_f) + (V_s/V_f) \leq 1
\]

where:

- \( P_t \) = Applied tension load.
- \( P_f \) = Allowable tension load.
- \( V_s \) = Applied shear load.
- \( V_f \) = Allowable shear load.

The allowable tension and shear is applicable only to anchors installed in walls where in-place shear tests indicate minimum mortar strength of 50 psi (345 kPa) net for installations when drilling holes with a carbide-tipped drill bit and minimum 325 psi (2240 kPa) net for installations when drilling holes with a wet diamond core drill bit in accordance with 2018 IBC Section A106.2.3, or 2015, 2012, 2009, or 2006 IBC Section A106.3.3.

4.3 Installation:

4.3.1 General: The anchors must be installed in 1-inch-diameter (25.4 mm) holes drilled with a rotary drill or rotary hammer drill used in the rotation-only mode, using standard carbide-tipped masonry drill bits complying with ANSI B212.15-1994 or a 1-inch-diameter (25.4 mm) wet diamond core drill bit. Impact tools are not permitted. The holes must be cleaned per the manufacturer’s published installation instructions in Figure 2 of this report. Installation must be in accordance with Sections 4.3.2, 4.3.3, and 4.3.4, and Figure 1, of this report, and the Manufacturer’s Published Installation Instructions (MPII) as shown in Figure 2. The adhesive must be installed and cured at temperatures above 40°F (4.4°C), and for the time period as noted in Table 1, before load application is permitted for Configuration A or B anchors, and before continuing installation of the Configuration C anchor. The SET adhesive anchors are intended to resist only short-term loads imposed by wind or earthquake. The anchors must be approved by a registered design professional and installed under special inspection in accordance with Section 4.5 of this report. The edge distance and vertical and horizontal spacing for the three types of anchor assemblies described in Section 4.1 must comply with Table 2.

4.3.2 Configuration A: The holes for threaded rods or reinforcing bars intended to resist shear only must be drilled perpendicular to the wall face, to a depth of 8 inches (203 mm). The holes must be cleaned per the manufacturer’s published installation instructions in Figure 2 of this report. The SET adhesive must be injected through the mixing nozzle into the screen tube until the tube is completely full, and then placed immediately into the drilled hole. The screen is filled from the bottom and the nozzle is withdrawn as the screen fills, to prevent air pockets. The prebent threaded rod must be inserted while being turned slowly until the anchor contacts the bottom of the screen, forcing the adhesive through the screen and into the hole. Figure 1 includes an illustration of an anchor installed in Configuration B.

4.3.3 Configuration B: The holes for the prebent threaded rods intended to resist shear and tension for the Configuration B anchor, must be drilled at a downward angle of 22.5 degrees to within 1 inch (25.4 mm) of the opposing surface. This is achieved by using a guide that is handheld or attached to the drill. The holes must be cleaned per the manufacturer’s published installation instructions in Figure 2 of this report. The SET adhesive must be injected through the mixing nozzle into the screen tube until the tube is completely full, and then placed immediately into the drilled hole. The screen is filled from the bottom and the nozzle is withdrawn as the screen fills, to prevent air pockets. The prebent threaded rod must be inserted while being turned slowly until the anchor contacts the bottom of the screen, forcing the adhesive through the screen and into the hole. Figure 1 includes an illustration of an anchor installed in Configuration B.

4.3.4 Configuration C: The holes for the through-bolted threaded rods intended to resist shear and tension for the Configuration C anchor must be drilled perpendicular to the wall face, to a depth of 8 inches (203 mm). The holes must be cleaned per the manufacturer’s published installation instructions in Figure 2 of this report. The SET adhesive must be injected through the mixing nozzle into the screen tube until the tube is completely full, and then placed immediately into the drilled hole. The screen is filled from the bottom and the nozzle is withdrawn as the screen fills, to prevent air pockets. The steel sleeve must then be inserted, plastic plug end first, while being turned slowly until the sleeve contacts the bottom of the screen, forcing the adhesive through the screen and into the hole. The adhesive is allowed to cure in accordance with Table 1 before proceeding. After the adhesive has cured, a \( \frac{3}{4} \) -inch-diameter carbide-tipped masonry drill bit is used to drill through the plastic plug at the bottom of the steel sleeve and completely through the remainder of the wall, using rotation mode only. The \( \frac{5}{8} \) -inch threaded rod is inserted through the wall, and the steel plate and nut on the opposite end of the rod are attached. Figure 1 includes an illustration of an anchor installed in Configuration C.

4.4 Field Tests:

a. Tests for in-place mortar shear strength of the building must be done in accordance with 2018 IBC Section A106.2.3, or 2015, 2012, 2009, or 2006 IBC Section A106.3.3. In-place mortar shear strengths must indicate minimum mortar strength of 50 psi (345 kPa) net for installations when drilling holes with a carbide-tipped drill bit and minimum 325 psi (2240 kPa) net for installations when drilling holes with a wet diamond core drill bit.

b. Anchors resisting tension forces or a combination of tension and shear forces must be tested in accordance with Section A107.4 of the IBC. The test report must include:

1. Test location(s)
2. Brick/mortar condition
3. Bolt movement/elongation
4. Embedment depth and masonry wall thickness
5. Applied load, loading procedure, load increments and rate of loading

4.5 Special Inspection Requirements Based on Applicable Code:

4.5.1 IBC and IRC: Continuous special inspection must be performed in accordance with Sections 1704 and 1705 of the IBC.
4.5.2 IEBC: Periodic inspection, direct-tension tests, and calibrated torque wrench tests must be performed in accordance with Section A107.4 of the IEBC. In lieu of testing and periodic inspection, the IEBC permits continuous special inspection during installation of bolts resisting shear forces only.

4.6 Compliance with NSF/ANSI Standard 61: SET Adhesive Anchor Systems comply with the requirements of NSF/ANSI Standard 61, as referenced in Section 605 of the 2018 and 2015 International Plumbing Code® (IPC) for products used in water distribution systems. SET Adhesive Anchor Systems may have a maximum exposed surface area to volume ratio of 216 square inches per 1,000 gallons (139,500 mm² per 3,785 L) of potable water and/or drinking water treatment chemicals. The focus of NSF/ANSI Standard 61 as it pertains to adhesive anchors is to ensure that the contaminants or impurities imparted from the adhesive product to the potable water do not exceed acceptable levels.

5.0 CONDITIONS OF USE

The SET adhesive anchor systems for unreinforced masonry, described in this report are suitable alternatives to what is specified in, those codes listed in Section 1.0 of this report, subject to the following conditions:

5.1 Use and installation must be as set forth in this evaluation report and the manufacturer’s published installation instructions (MPII) shown in Figure 2. In case of conflict, this report governs.

5.2 Calculations and details must be submitted to the code official for approval.

5.3 Special inspection must be in accordance with Section 4.5 of this evaluation report.

5.4 Use of the anchor system must be approved by the registered design professional.

5.5 Anchors must be limited to resisting transient wind or seismic loads only.

5.6 Anchors are installed in holes predrilled with a carbide-tipped masonry drill bit complying with ANSI B212.15-1994, using rotation mode only, or a 1-inch-diameter (25.4 mm) wet diamond core drill bit. Impact tools are not permitted.

5.7 The adhesive must not be used after the expiration date stamped on the cartridge.

5.8 The SET adhesive is manufactured and packaged into the cartridges described in this report by Simpson Strong-Tie Company, Inc., under a quality-control program with inspections by ICC-ES.

5.9 Anchors are not permitted to support fire-resistive construction. Where not otherwise prohibited by the code, anchors are permitted for installation in fire-resistive construction provided that at least one of the following conditions is fulfilled:

- Anchors are used to resist wind or seismic forces only.
- Anchors are used to support nonstructural elements.

6.0 EVIDENCE SUBMITTED

6.1 Data in accordance with the ICC-ES Acceptance Criteria for Anchors in Unreinforced Masonry Elements (AC60), dated December 2009 (editorially revised October 2018).

6.2 A quality control manual.

6.3 Data in accordance with NSF/ANSI Standard 61, Drinking Water System Components—Health Effects, for the SET adhesive.

7.0 IDENTIFICATION

7.1 Simpson Strong-Tie SET adhesive anchoring systems are identified in the field by labels on the cartridges or packaging, bearing the company name (Simpson Strong-Tie Company, Inc.), the product name (SET22), the batch number, the expiration date and the evaluation report number (ESR-1772). Screen tubes are identified by a label on the packaging, bearing the Simpson Strong-Tie name and the tube type (plastic or metal) and size.

7.2 The report holder’s contact information is as follows:

SIMPSON STRONG-TIE COMPANY INC.
5956 WEST LAS POSITAS BOULEVARD
PLEASANTON, CALIFORNIA 94588
(800) 925-5099
www.strongtie.com
### TABLE 1—MANUFACTURER’S GEL TIMES AND CURING TIMES FOR SET ADHESIVES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TEMPERATURE (°F)</th>
<th>GEL TIME² (hours)</th>
<th>INITIAL CURE² (hours)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65</td>
<td>1/4</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>85</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For SI: 1°C = 9/5 (°F-32).

¹Anchors installed or cured at temperatures below 40°F (4.4°C) are outside the scope of this report.

²Anchors must be not be disturbed after the gel time until the cure time has elapsed, and must be allowed to reach initial cure before attachment of building components.

### TABLE 2—SPACING AND EDGE DISTANCE REQUIREMENTS FOR SET ADHESIVE ANCHOR SYSTEMS INSTALLED IN UNREINFORCED MASONRY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ANCHOR ASSEMBLY</th>
<th>MINIMUM VERTICAL SPACING (inches)</th>
<th>MINIMUM HORIZONTAL SPACING (inches)</th>
<th>MINIMUM EDGE DISTANCE (inches)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Shear anchor or rebar dowel</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Configuration A</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22 1/2° combination anchor</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Configuration B</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Through-bolt anchor</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Configuration C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm.

### TABLE 3—ALLOWABLE LOAD CAPACITIES FOR THREADED RODS AND REINFORCING BARS FOR SET ADHESIVE ANCHOR SYSTEMS INSTALLED IN UNREINFORCED BRICK MASONRY

#### CONFIGURATION A - SHEAR ANCHOR OR REBAR DOWEL

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Anchor Rod Diameter or Rebar Size</th>
<th>Minimum Embedment (inches)</th>
<th>Minimum Wall Thickness (inches)</th>
<th>Allowable Tension Load (lbs)</th>
<th>Allowable Shear Load (lbs)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3/4</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>1,000</td>
<td>1,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. 4</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. 5</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. 6</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### CONFIGURATION B - 22 1/2° COMBINATION ANCHOR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Anchor Rod Diameter (inch)</th>
<th>Minimum Embedment</th>
<th>Minimum Wall Thickness (inches)</th>
<th>Allowable Tension Load ² (lbs)</th>
<th>Allowable Shear Load ² (lbs)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3/4</td>
<td>Within 1 inch of opposite wall surface</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>1,200</td>
<td>1,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### CONFIGURATION C - THROUGH-BOLT ANCHOR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Anchor Rod Dia. (inch)</th>
<th>Minimum Steel Sleeve Embedment</th>
<th>Minimum Wall Thickness (inches)</th>
<th>Allowable Tension Load ³ (lbs)</th>
<th>Allowable Shear Load ³ (lbs)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5/8</td>
<td>8 inches from interior wall surface</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>1,200</td>
<td>750</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.45 N, 1 foot-pound = 1.356 N-m, 1 psi = 6.89 Pa.

¹Allowable load values are applicable only to anchors where in-place shear tests indicate minimum mortar strength of 50 psi (345 kPa) net for installations when drilling holes with a carbide-tipped drill bit and minimum 325 psi (2240 kPa) net for installations when drilling holes with a wet diamond core drill bit.

²No increase for lateral loading, such as loading induced by wind or earthquake, is permitted.

³Allowable load value for is applicable only to No. 4 rebar where in-place shear tests indicate minimum mortar strength of 325 psi (2240 kPa) net for installations when drilling holes with a wet diamond core drill bit.

⁴Anchors must be tested in accordance with Section 4.4 for use with the IEBC.
FIGURE 1—ANCHOR INSTALLATIONS FOR UNREINFORCED BRICK MASONRY
(Refer to Sections 4.1 through 4.3 for details concerning design and installation of anchors in unreinforced brick masonry.)
FIGURE 2—MANUFACTURER’S PUBLISHED INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (MPII) FOR UNREINFORCED BRICK MASONRY
3 FILLING THE HOLE: For Configurations A (Horizontal) and B (22½° - Degree Downward) Installations.

1. Fill—Fill screen completely. Fill from the bottom of the screen and withdraw the nozzle as the screen fills to prevent air pockets. (Opti-Mesh® screens: Close integral cap after filling.)

2. Insert—Insert adhesive filled screen into hole.

3. Insert—Insert clean, oil-free anchor, turning slowly until the anchor contacts the bottom of the screen.

4. Do not disturb—Do not disturb anchor until fully cured. (See cure schedule for specific adhesive.)

Note: Opti-Mesh® plastic screens or steel wire mesh screens may be used for Configurations A and B.

3 FILLING THE HOLE: For Configuration C (Horizontal Through-Bolt) Installation.

1. Fill—Fill screen completely. Fill from the bottom of the screen and withdraw the nozzle as the screen fills to prevent air pockets.

2. Insert—Insert adhesive filled screen into hole.

3. Insert—Insert steel sleeve (capped end first) slowly into screen tube (adhesive will displace).

4. Cure—Allow adhesive to cure (see Cure Time Table 1).

5. Drill—Drill through plastic plug in (inside) end of steel sleeve and completely through the wall with 5/8" carbide tipped concrete drill bit (rotation mode only).

6. Insert—Insert 5/8" nut through hole and attach metal plate and nut.

Note: Steel wire mesh screens shall be used for Configuration C.

FIGURE 2—MANUFACTURER’S PUBLISHED INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS (MPII) FOR UNREINFORCED BRICK MASONRY (Continued)